



1. (b) 1 : 2.

**Working Note:**

Calculation of Gaining Ratio:

$$\text{Kris} = 5/9 - 4/9 = 1/9; \text{Peter} = 4/9 - 2/9 = 2/9.$$

$$\text{Gaining Ratio} = 1/9 : 2/9 = 1 : 2.$$

2. (a) 13 : 14.

**Working Note:**

	Anna	Teena
A. Their Existing Share	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{2}{9}$
B. Share Surrendered by Bina	$\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{27}$	$\frac{8}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{8}{27}$
C. New Profit Share of Anna and Teena (A + B)	$\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{27} = \frac{13}{27}$	$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{8}{27} = \frac{14}{27}$

New Profit-sharing Ratio of Anna and Teena = 13 : 14.

3. (c) Credit Lisa's Capital Account with ₹ 2,00,000 and Debit Monika's Capital Account with ₹ 50,000 and Nisha's Capital Account with ₹ 1,50,000.

**Working Note:**

Gain of a Partner = New Profit Share – Old Profit Share

$$\text{Monika's Gain} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{7} = \frac{7-6}{14} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\text{Nisha's Gain} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{7} = \frac{7-4}{14} = \frac{3}{14}$$

Gaining Ratio of Monika and Nisha = 1 : 3

Lisa's Share of Goodwill = ₹ 7,00,000 ×  $\frac{2}{7}$  = ₹ 2,00,000 shall be contributed by Monika and Nisha in their gaining ratio.

$$\text{Monika's contribution} = ₹ 2,00,000 \times \frac{1}{4} = ₹ 50,000,$$

$$\text{Nisha's contribution} = ₹ 2,00,000 \times \frac{3}{4} = ₹ 1,50,000.$$

4. (d) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct, and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

5. (b) ₹ 37,500.

**Working Note:**

Balance of Workmen Compensation Reserve = ₹ 1,50,000

Less: Liability = ₹ 37,500

Surplus available = ₹ 1,50,000 – ₹ 37,500 = ₹ 1,12,500

Akash's Share in surplus of Workmen Compensation Reserve = ₹ 1,12,500 ×  $\frac{1}{3}$  = ₹ 37,500.

6. Total Capital of New Firm = Adjusted capitals of all partners  
= ₹ 33,000 + ₹ 70,500 + ₹ 90,500 = ₹ 1,94,000.

CALCULATION OF ACTUAL CASH TO BE PAID OFF OR BROUGHT IN

Particulars	David (₹)	Aslam (₹)
(a) New Capital (₹ 1,94,000 in the ratio of 2 : 3)	77,600	1,16,400
(b) Adjusted Old Capital	33,000	70,500
(c) Cash to be brought in (a – b)	44,600	45,900

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Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
	Bank A/c ...Dr.		90,500	
	To David's Capital A/c			44,600
	To Aslam's Capital A/c			45,900
	(Shortage in cash brought in by remaining partners)			
	Naresh's Capital A/c ...Dr.		90,500	
	To Bank A/c			90,500
	(Payment made to Naresh)			

7.

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Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
	Bad Debts A/c ...Dr.		7,500	
	To Debtors A/c			7,500
	(Bad Debts written-off)			
	Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c ...Dr.		7,500	
	To Bad Debts A/c			7,500
	(Bad Debts transferred to Provision for Doubtful Debts Account)			
	Revaluation A/c ...Dr.		1,875	
	To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c			1,875
	[5% (₹ 95,000 – ₹ 7,500) – (₹ 10,000 – ₹ 7,500)]			
	(Short Provision for Doubtful Debts Created)			
	X's Capital A/c ...Dr.		750	
	Y's Capital A/c ...Dr.		750	
	Z's Capital A/c ...Dr.		375	
	To Revaluation A/c			1,875
	(Loss on revaluation transferred to Partners' Capital Accounts in their old profit-sharing ratio)			

## 8.

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Date	Particulars	L.F.	Dr. (₹)	Cr. (₹)
(a) (i)	Goodwill A/c ...Dr. To Aditi's Capital A/c To Bhavya's Capital A/c To Cris's Capital A/c (Goodwill raised at full value)		10,800	5,400 3,600 1,800
(ii)	Aditi's Capital A/c ...Dr. Cris's Capital A/c ...Dr. To Goodwill A/c (Goodwill written off in new profit-sharing ratio)		5,400 5,400	10,800
(b) (i)	Goodwill A/c ...Dr. To Bhavya's Capital A/c (Goodwill raised with retiring partner's share)		3,600	3,600
(ii)	Cris's Capital A/c ...Dr. To Goodwill A/c (Goodwill written-off in gaining ratio)		3,600	3,600
(c)	Cris's Capital A/c ...Dr. To Bhavya's Capital A/c (1/3rd share of firm's goodwill credited to Bhavya's Capital and debited to Cris's Account as he is sole beneficiary of the goodwill)		3,600	3,600

**Note:** Calculation of Gaining Ratio:

Gain of a Partner = New Profit Share – Old Profit Share

$$\text{Aditi's Gain} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{6} = 0$$

$$\text{Cris's Gain} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3-1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{3}$$

Hence Cris alone gains 1/3rd share of Bhavya's share of Goodwill.

## 9.

Dr.		REVALUATION ACCOUNT		Cr.
Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹	
To Fixed Assets A/c	2,500	By Creditors A/c	2,000	
To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c	5,000	By Loss transferred to:		
		Hanny's Capital A/c (₹ 5,500 × 5/10)	2,750	
		Pammy's Capital A/c (₹ 5,500 × 3/10)	1,650	
		Sunny's Capital A/c (₹ 5,500 × 2/10)	1,100	
	7,500		7,500	

Dr. PARTNERS' CAPITAL ACCOUNTS				Cr.			
Particulars	Hanny ₹	Pammy ₹	Sunny ₹	Particulars	Hanny ₹	Pammy ₹	Sunny ₹
To Goodwill A/c	25,000	15,000	10,000	By Balance <i>b/d</i>	1,07,500	1,02,500	60,000
To Revaluation A/c (Loss)	2,750	1,650	1,100	By Pammy's Capital A/c	8,000	...	...
To Hanny's Capital A/c	...	8,000	32,000	(Goodwill)			
(Adjustment of Goodwill)				By Sunny's Capital A/c	32,000	...	...
To Bank A/c (Bal. Fig.)	<b>1,19,750</b>	...	...	(Goodwill)			
To Balance <i>c/d</i> (WN 3 and 4)	...	79,000	1,18,500	By Bank A/c (Bal. Fig.)	...	<b>1,150</b>	<b>1,01,600</b>
	1,47,500	1,03,650	1,61,600		1,47,500	1,03,650	1,61,600

**Working Notes:**

- Gain/(Sacrifice) = New Profit Share – Old Profit Share  
Pammy's Gain =  $2/5 - 3/10 = 1/10$ ; Sunny's Gain =  $3/5 - 2/10 = 4/10$ ; Gaining Ratio = 1 : 4.
- Hanny's share of goodwill = ₹ 80,000 ×  $5/10$  = ₹ 40,000 to be contributed by gaining partners in the gaining ratio, i.e., 1 : 4. Pammy's contribution = ₹ 40,000 ×  $1/5$  = ₹ 8,000 and Sunny's contribution = ₹ 40,000 ×  $4/5$  = ₹ 32,000.
- Calculation of Total Capital of New Firm after Hanny's retirement:

	₹
Amount payable to Hanny	1,19,750
Adjusted old capital of Pammy (₹ 1,02,500 – ₹ 15,000 – ₹ 1,650 – ₹ 8,000)	77,850
Adjusted old capital of Sunny (60,000 – 10,000 – 1,100 – 32,000)	16,900
Bank balance required in new firm	15,000
Existing bank balance [₹ 40,000 – ₹ 8,000 (claim of creditors settled)]	(32,000)
Total capital of new firm	<u>1,97,500</u>
- Pammy's capital in new firm = ₹ 1,97,500 ×  $2/5$  = ₹ 79,000  
Sunny's capital in new firm = ₹ 1,97,500 ×  $3/5$  = ₹ 1,18,500.