PRACTICE PAPER 3 Class XII (2025-26) PHYSICAL EDUCATION (048)

TIME: 3 hrs M.M: 70

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper consists of 5 sections and 37 questions.
- 2. Section A consists of questions 1-18, carrying 1 mark each and are multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Section B consists of questions 19-24, carrying 2 marks each. Answers should not exceed 60-90 words. Attempt any 5.
- 4. Section C consists of questions 25-30, carrying 3 marks each. Answers should not exceed 100-150 words. Attempt any 5.
- 5. Section D consists of questions 31-33, carrying 4 marks each and are case studies. There is an internal choice available.
- 6. Section E consists of questions 34-37, carrying 5 marks each and are long answer type. Answers should not exceed 200-300 words. Attempt any 3.

SECTION A

1.	Which type of tournament ensures that every team plays against all other teams?			
	(a)	Knockout	(b)	League
	(c)	Combination	(d)	Zonal
2.		ad the following statements labelled Assertion (A) an en below:	d R e	eason (R). Choose one of the correct alternative
	Ass	sertion (A): Regular exercise is a must for all human b	eing	gs.
	Rea	ason (R): Regular exercise improves muscle strength,	mus	scle tone, muscle flexibility and muscle size.
	(a)	Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct expla	nati	ion of (A).
	(b)	Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct e	xpla	nation of (A).
	(c)	(A) is true but (R) is false.		
	(d)	(A) is false but (R) is true.		

3. Match the following:

	Column I		Column II
(a)	Tadasana	(i)	Back bending pose (camel pose)
(b)	Katichakrasana	(ii)	Mountain pose
(c)	Halasana	(iii)	Rotation of waist
(d)	Ustrasana	(iv)	Stretches the spine

١.	(a) (ii),	(b) (iii),	(c) (iv),	(d) (i)
II.	(a) (ii),	(b) (iv),	(c) (iii),	(d) (i)
III.	(a) (i),	(b) (iv),	(c) (iii),	(d) (ii)
IV.	(a) (iii),	(b) (iv),	(c) (i),	(d) (ii)

4. Which of the following is a macronutrient?

(a)	Vitamins	(b)	Minerals
(c)	Carbohydrates	(d)	Iron

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5. Identify the asana shown in the given picture.



			5				
	(a)	Bhujangasana		(b)	Halasana		
	(c)	Paschimottanasana		(d)	Ustrasana		
6.	Wh	ich of these asanas is also	o called 'Easy Fish Pose'?				
	(a)	Matsyendrasana		(b)	Sarala Matsyasana		
	(c)	Makarasana		(d)	Ardha-Halasana		
7.	Spe	cial Olympics mainly focu	us on sports participation fo	or wh	nich group?		
	(a)	Hearing-impaired athlet	ces	(b)	Athletes with intelle	ctua	l disabilities
	(c)	Athletes with physical d	isabilities	(d)	Athletes with visual	impa	airments
8.	Wh	ich of the following is NC	OT a component of the Fem	ale A	thlete Triad?		
	(a)	Osteoporosis		(b)	Amenorrhoea		
	(c)	Eating disorders		(d)	Hypertension		
9.	Cho	oose the odd one out:					
	(a)	Knock knees		(b)	Kyphosis		
	(c)	Scoliosis		(d)	Glycolysis		
LO.	Wh	ich test is used to measu	re motor educability in chil	dren	?		
		Cooper Test			Johnson-Metheny Te	est	
		Harvard Step Test		. ,	Yo-Yo Test		
11.			immediate effect of exercis				
		Decrease in heart rate		. ,	Increase in stroke vo		
		Lower oxygen uptake	1	(a)	Reduced systolic pre	essur	e
12.		orain is an injury caused t		(-)	Danas	(al \	Claire
	` '	Muscles	(b) Ligaments	` '	Bones	(a)	Skin
L3.		• •	inly reduced during ice skat	-	Static friction	(4)	Fluid friction
		Rolling friction	(b) Sliding friction	` '	Static friction	. ,	
14.	Αι v (a)		um horizontal distance achie (b) 30°		45°		60°
15		-talk in sports psycholog	• ,	(८)	73	(u)	00
٠.	JUII	taik in sports psychology	y is asca mainly to.				

(b) Improve communication skills

(c) Replace physical practice (d) Regulate thoughts and enhance performance **16. Assertion (A):** Adequate fat is a vital part of the normal human diet.

Reason (R): Four essential minerals need dietary fat to be absorbed.

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.

(a) Distract athletes from pressure

(d) (A) is false but (R) is true.

	willen type of abbiession is	annea at narming some	one with no intention to	demeve a goar.
	(a) Instrumental aggression	ı	(b) Hostile aggress	ion
	(c) Assertive behaviour		(d) Goal-directed a	aggression
18.	Which of these is an example	e of coordinative ability	?	
	(a) Aerobic endurance	(b) Speed endurance	(c) Orientation abi	ility (d) Explosive strength
		SECTIO	ON B	
19.	What is kyphosis and what is			
	Define a balanced diet. Why			
21.	·	·	·	5 minutes after exercise was 90 cates good cardiovascular fitness.
22.	What is a greenstick fracture	e? Name one sport in wh	nich such fractures comr	monly occur.
23.	What is motivation in sports	? Distinguish between ir	ntrinsic and extrinsic mo	otivation.
24.	What is interval training? Me	ention one benefit of us	ing it to develop endura	nce.
		SECTIO	ON C	
25.	Describe the knockout tour			d one disadvantage of using this
	method in school competition		,	
26.	Mention three long-term eff	ects of regular exercise	on the cardiovascular sy	rstem.
27.	What is the concept of inc	•	ribe two strategies tha	at help make physical activities
28.	What are macronutrients? E	xplain the function of ar	ny two macronutrients e	essential for athletes.
29.	 Define equilibrium in biomechanics. Differentiate between static and dynamic equilibrium with suitable sports examples. 			
30.	Describe Jung's classification of personality types. How can understanding athlete personality help a coach in			thlete personality help a coach in
	training?			
		SECTIO	ON D	
31.	Read the following text care	fully and answer the que	estions that follow:	
				and talk. Some of the key facts
	highlighted are listed below.		•	•
	(i) Obesity causes:			
	(a) Weight loss	(c) Diabetes	(b) Back pain	(d) Both (b) and (c)
	(ii) Which of the following a	asanas is not useful for c	uring obesity?	
	(a) Trikonasana		(c) Vajrasana	
	(b) Parvatasana		(d) Ardha-Matsyer	ndrasana
	(iii) Choose the asana which	helps to cure asthma.		
	(a) Sukhasana		(c) Parvatasana	
(b) Vajrasana (d) Shalabhasana				at abass'
	(iv) Indians are required to h	lave a Bivil of or l	ess to be considered ind	or opese.
	(a) 29	(c) 31	(h) 23	(d) 22
	(a) 29	(c) 31	(b) 23	(d) 22

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 - **32.** Look at the picture given below and answer the questions that follow.



(a)	The possible under	rlying causes inc	ude	and	
(b)	By age 3, at least _	per cent o	children hav	ve this.	
(c)	This is known as	or	·		
(d)	Adequate	and Vitamin	help	prevent this.	

Explain how rounded shoulders can be corrected.

33. Identify the injury shown in the picture below and answer the questions that follow.



(a)	his injury to the bone is called a

- (b) This is classified as a ______.
- (c) This needs immediate attention by a qualified ______
- (d) First aid involves covering the wound with a _____ cloth

OR

OR

What are the four kinds of joint injuries?

Section E

- **34.** Explain the role of yoga in managing asthma. Describe the procedure, benefits and any two contraindications of Bhujangasana and Anuloma-Viloma, specifically for asthma patients.
- **35.** Describe the SAI Khelo India Fitness Test for students aged 9-18 years. Explain the purpose and procedure of any three tests from the following:
 - 50 m Speed Run
 - 600 m Run/Walk
 - Sit & Reach Test
 - Partial Curl-Ups / Push-Ups
- **36.** What is circuit training? Explain its structure and principles. Describe any four advantages of circuit training for athletes.
- **37.** Explain all the methods that can be used to improve flexibility.